

Problem 9

Consider a mini spring launcher, using kelp as a spring, that launches a $m = 40\text{g}$ zucchini at a $\theta = 35^\circ$ angle. If the kelp spring is compressed by $d = 20\text{cm}$, the zucchini will hit the floor $\Delta y = 2\text{m}$ below the point at which it loses contact with the kelp spring. The zucchini travels $\Delta x = 5.2\text{ m}$ horizontally. What is the spring constant of the kelp?

Solution

We can first solve for the velocity v . We can form a system of equations with two unknowns, t the time zucchini travels before hitting the ground, and v , as indicated in Figure 1.

Rightwards and upwards are $+x$ and $+y$ directions.

$$\Delta x = (v \cos \theta)t \quad \text{kinematics, } x\text{-direction} \quad (1)$$

$$v = \frac{\Delta x}{t \cos \theta} \quad (2)$$

$$-\Delta y = (v \sin \theta)t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \quad \text{kinematics, } y\text{-direction} \quad (3)$$

$$-\Delta y = \frac{\Delta x}{t \cos \theta}t \sin \theta - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \quad \text{from 2} \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}gt^2 = \Delta x \tan \theta + \Delta y \quad (5)$$

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2}{g}(\Delta x \tan \theta + \Delta y)} \quad (6)$$

$$v = \frac{\Delta x}{\sqrt{\frac{2}{g}(\Delta x \tan \theta + \Delta y)} \cos \theta} \quad \text{from 2 6} \quad (7)$$

$$= \frac{\Delta x}{\cos \theta} \sqrt{\frac{g}{2(\Delta x \tan \theta + \Delta y)}} \quad (8)$$

We can then use a conservation of energy argument to solve for the the spring constant k . Let the vertical position of the zucchini at the very moment it was launched from the kelp spring be the point of zero gravitational potential energy $U_g = 0$ (see Figure 2). We are going to compare energies between the point when the spring is fully compressed, and the point just when the zucchini is launched.

$$E_0 = E_1 \quad (9)$$

$$U_g + U_s = K \quad (10)$$

$$mg(-d \sin \theta) + \frac{1}{2}kd^2 = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \quad (11)$$

$$kd^2 = mv^2 + 2mgd \sin \theta \quad (12)$$

$$k = \frac{m}{d^2}(v^2 + 2gd \sin \theta) \quad (13)$$

$$= \frac{mg}{d^2} \left(\frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2(\Delta x \tan \theta + \Delta y) \cos^2 \theta} + 2d \sin \theta \right) \quad (14)$$

$$= 37.25 \text{ N/m} \quad (15)$$

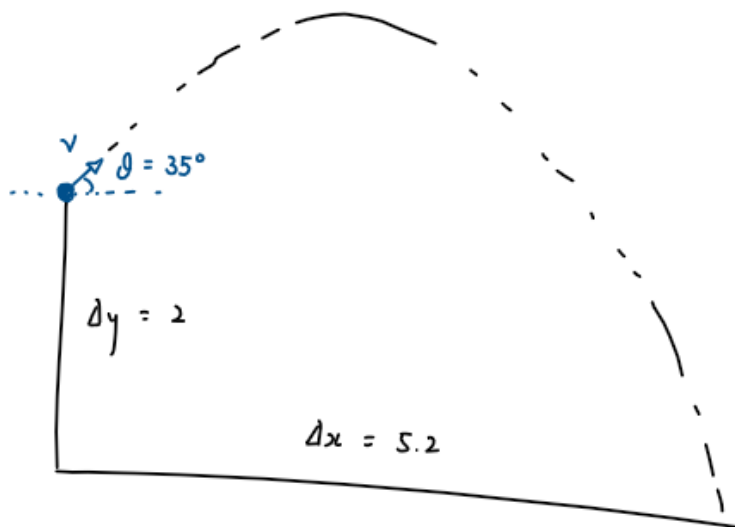


Figure 1: Diagram for kinematics portion of question. We can find velocity the zucchini is launched at.

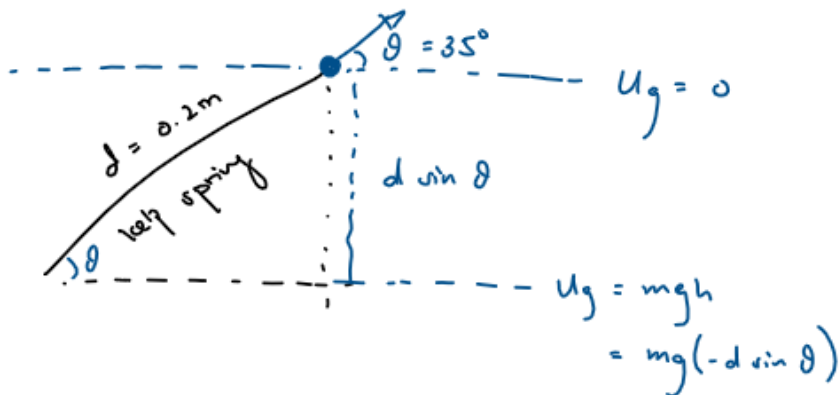


Figure 2: Diagram for energy portion of question. We can use our velocity to find spring constant.